

REINVENTING FIRE



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12 November 2009

RMI2009
FROM IDEAS TO SOLUTIONS

20th Century Economy 20X

Per Capita GDP (1990 International Dollars)

30,000

25,000

20,000

15,000

10,000

5,000

1900

1915

1930

1945

1960

1975

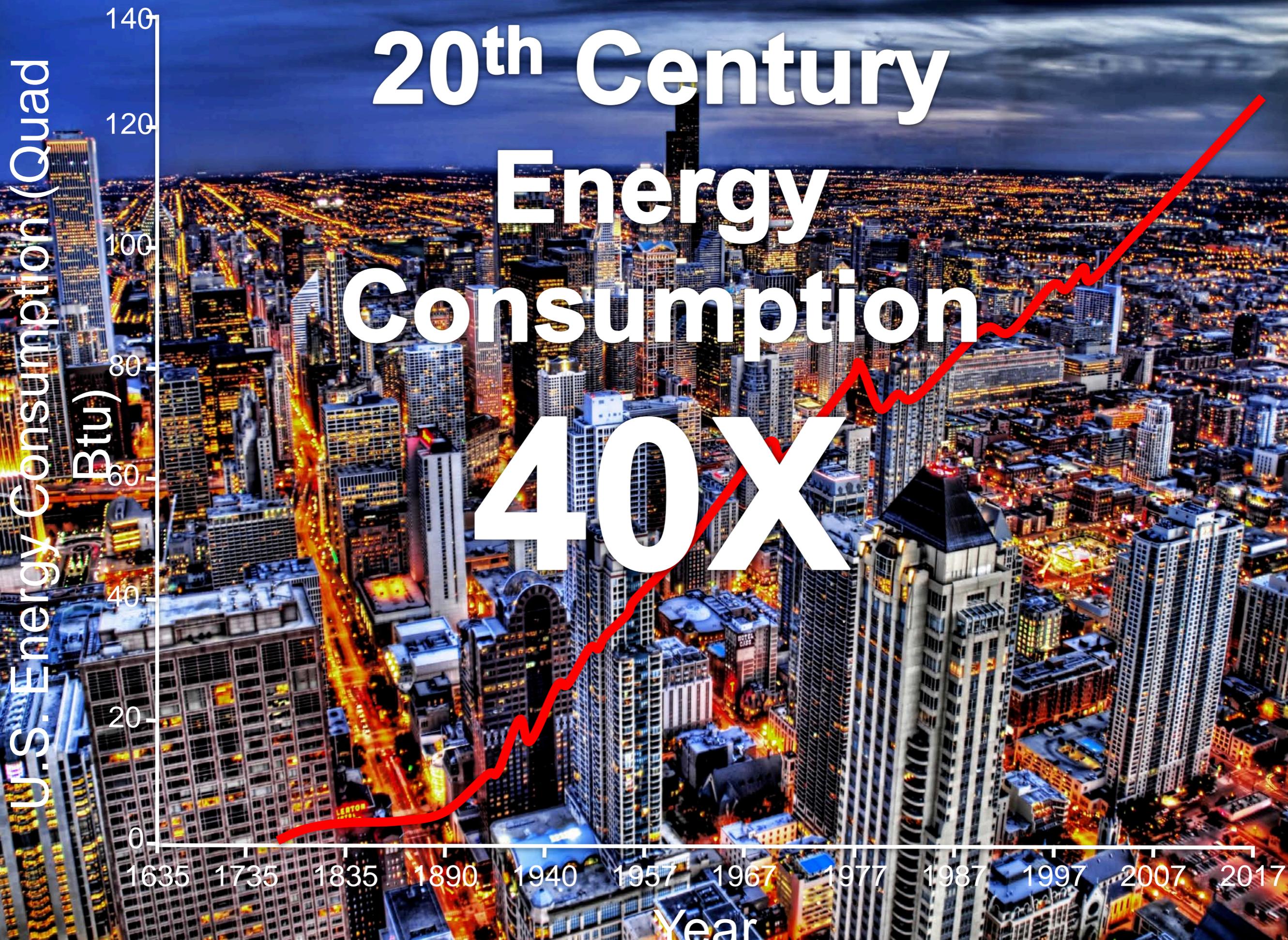
1990

2005

Years



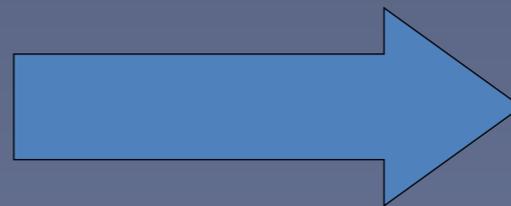
20th Century Energy Consumption 40X



Fossil fuels have given the world unprecedented prosperity over a long period of time.



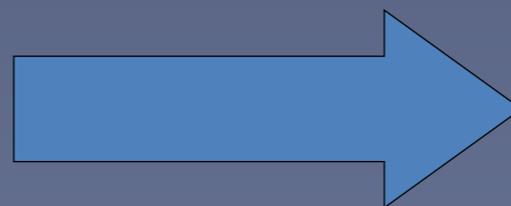
1908:
26mpg of oil



2009:
26mpg of oil



1888:
Burned coal

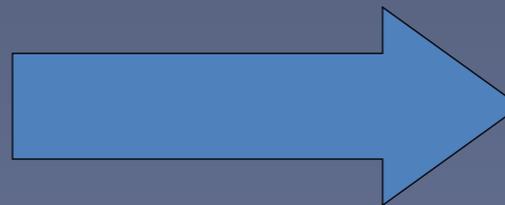


2009:
Burns coal

Can't we do better than that?



**1785:
Runs on fossil fuels**



**2009:
Runs on fossil fuels**

Economics



Environment

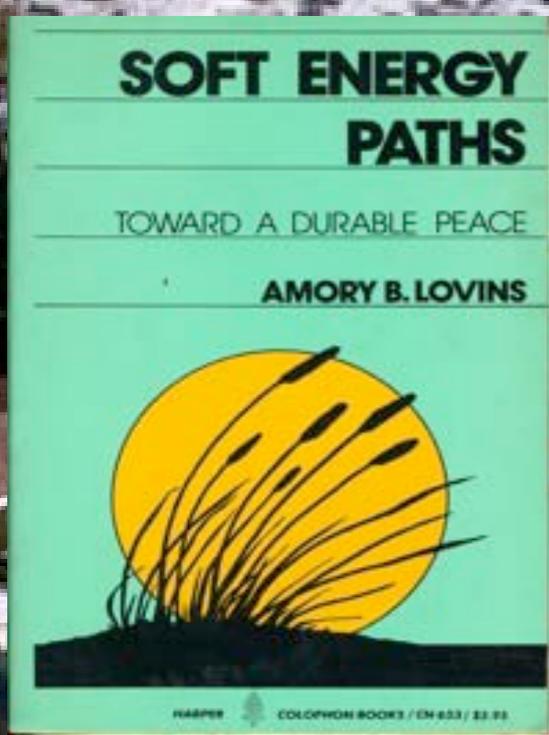


Security

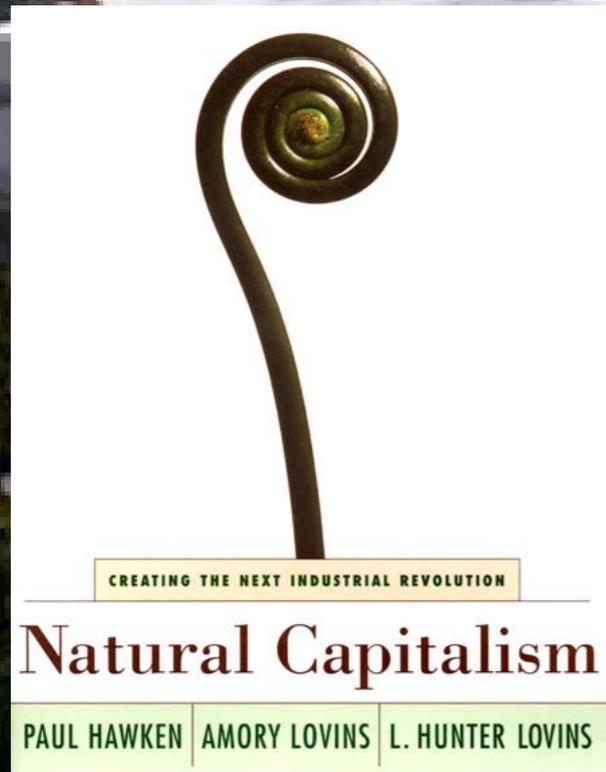


“Drive the efficient and restorative
use of resources...”

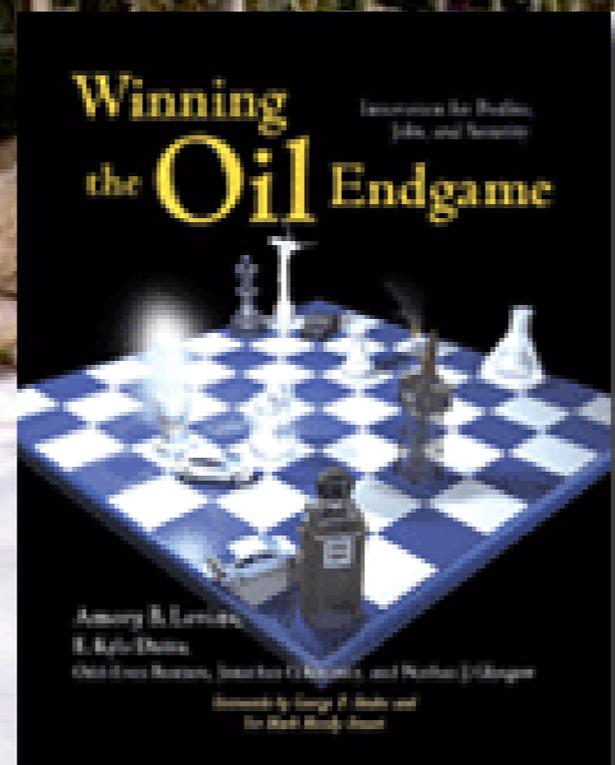




1983: RMI Founded by Amory and Hunter Lovins in Snowmass, Colorado



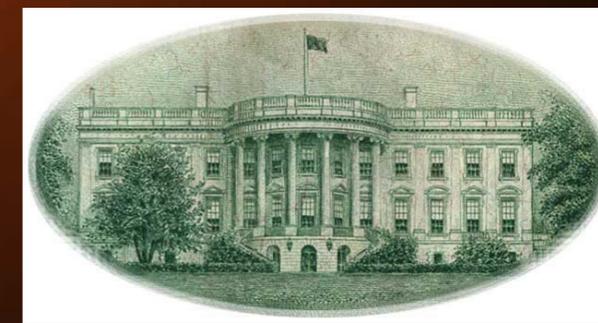
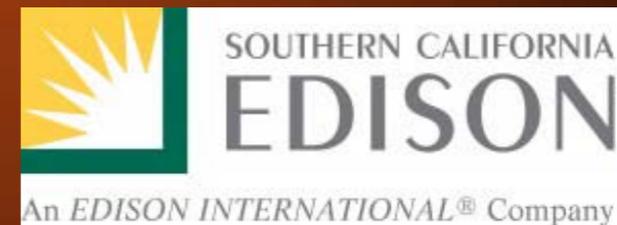
1999: RMI publishes *Natural Capitalism*



2004: RMI publishes *Winning the Oil Endgame*, strategizing the U.S. off oil by the 2040s







“Drive the efficient and restorative
use of resources...”

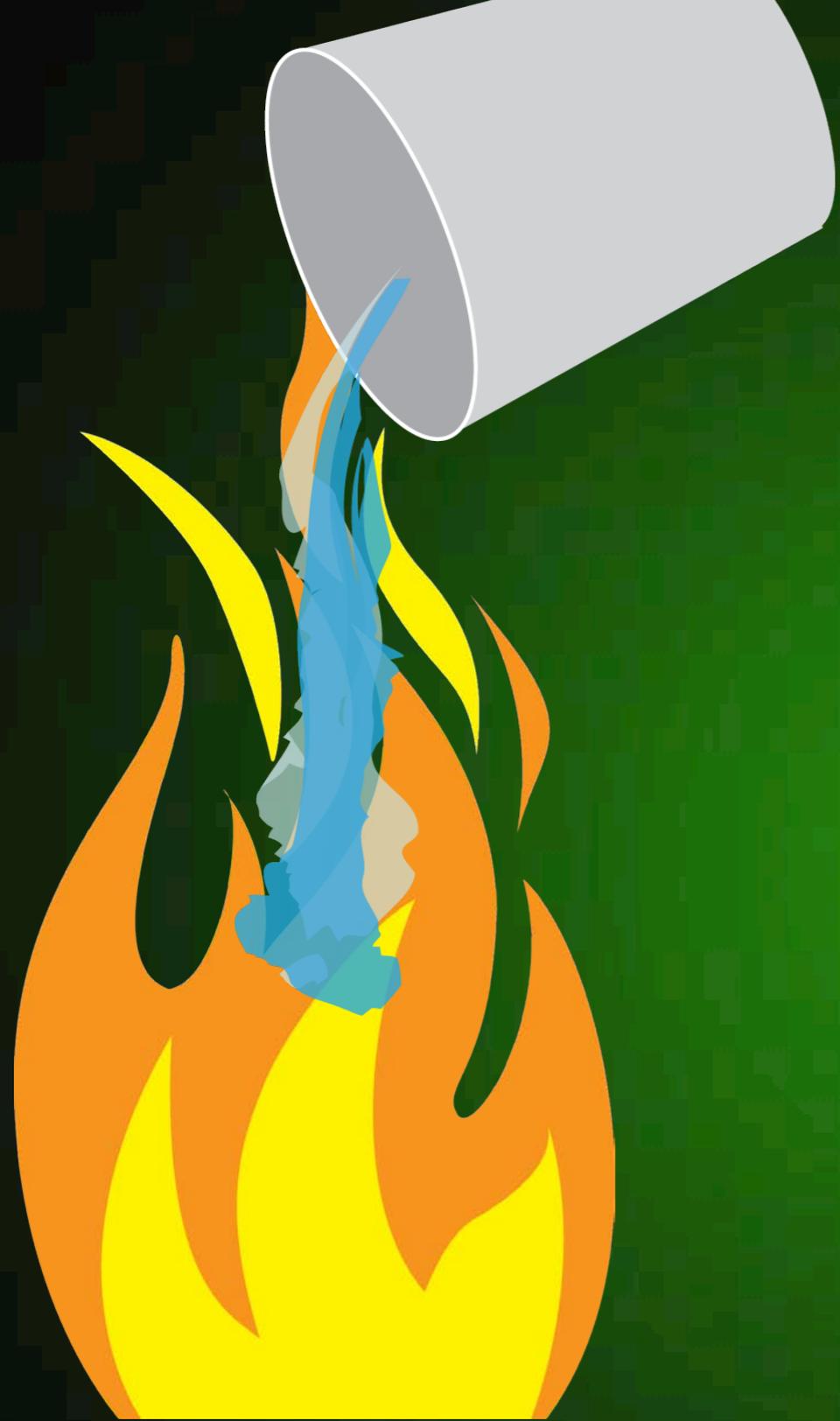


**speed the shift from fossil fuels
to efficiency and renewables**



REINVENTING FIRE

RMI2009
FROM IDEAS TO SOLUTIONS



**Standard
Practice**

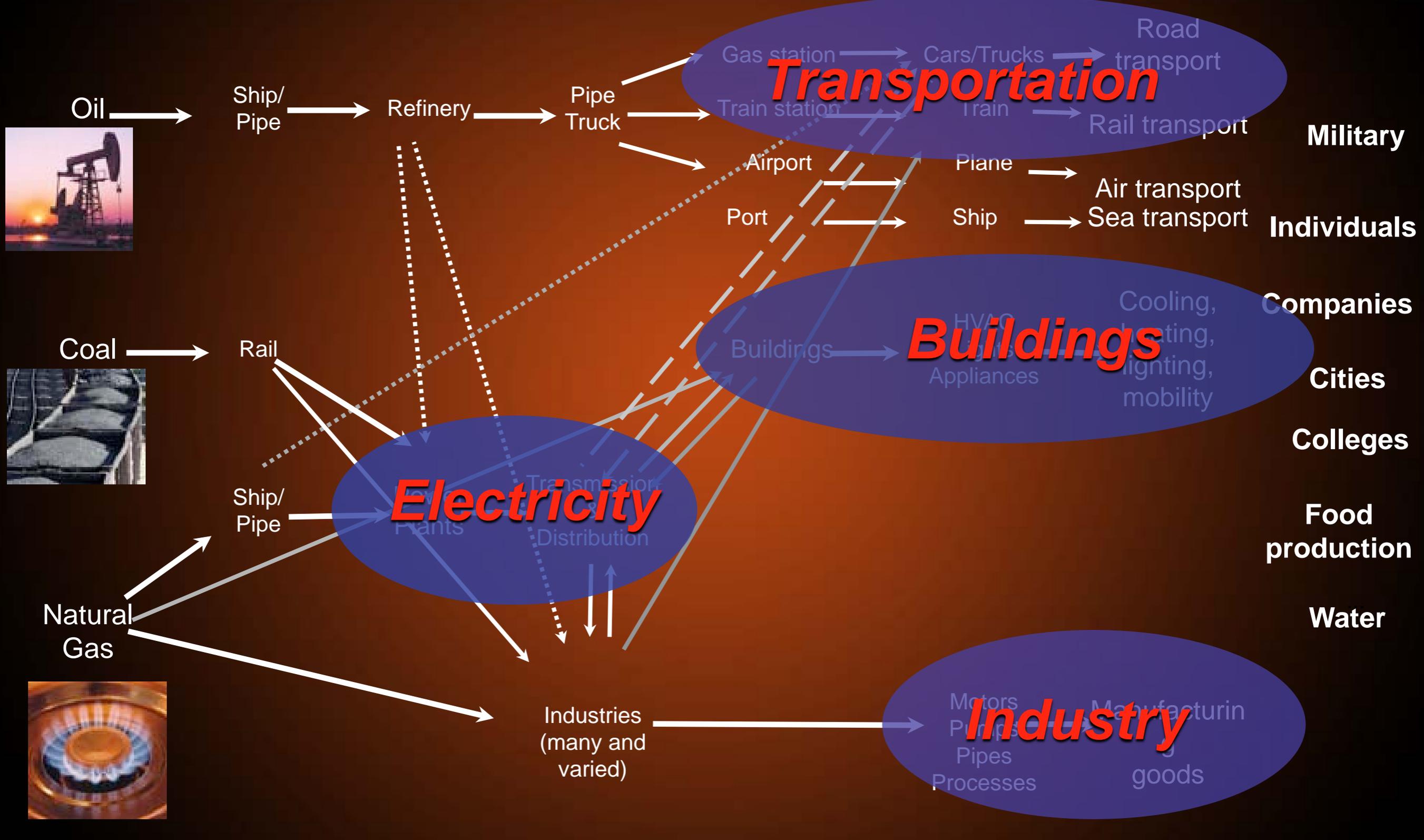


**Radical
Resource
Efficiency**



**Renewable
Energy
Sources**

Fossil Fuel Convey Convert Convey Sell/Distribute Convert End use Final user



→ Main use Secondary use - - - Anticipated future use



Buildings



Transportation



Electricity



Industrial Processes

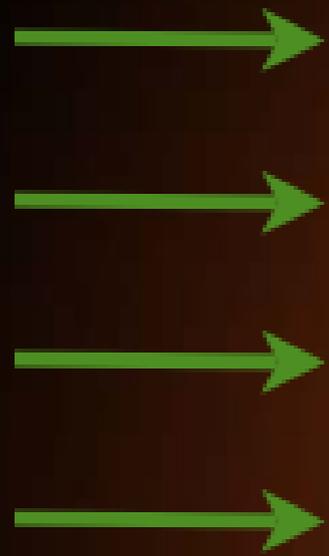
SECTOR STRATEGY



BUILDINGS



Case Study: Lewis and Clark State Office Building

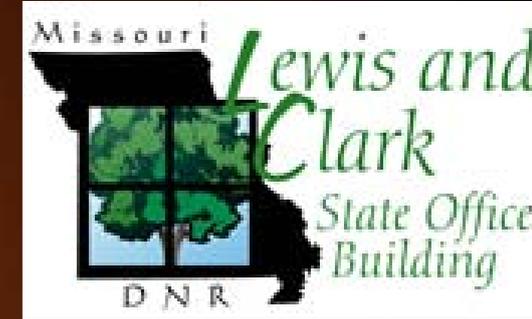
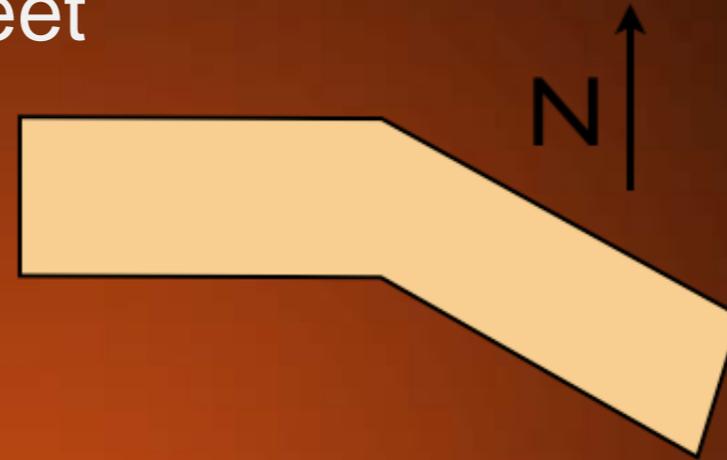


120,000 square feet

400 occupants

\$17 Million

State Government



Sound Orientation



Effective Daylighting



Shading and Insulation



Energy Efficient HVAC and Mechanical Systems



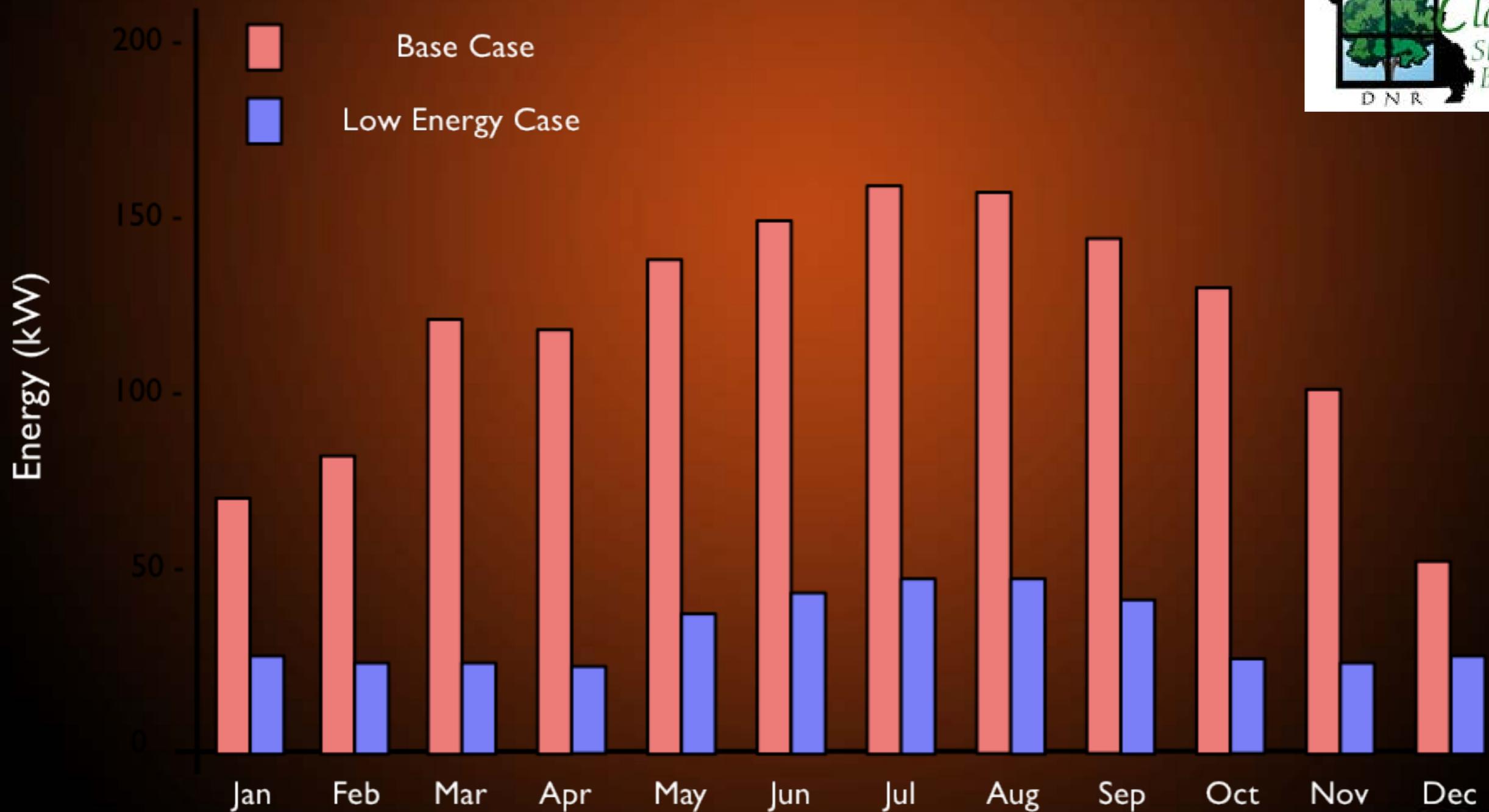
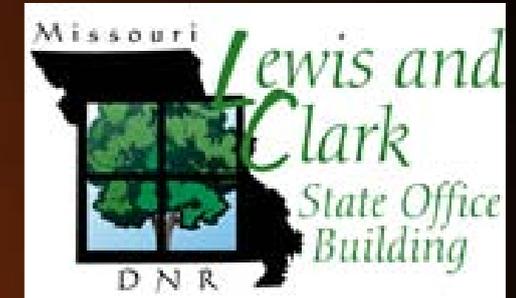
Solar Paneling



MODNR Energy Demand



Monthly Electric Demand Peaks



Zero net increase in capital costs
\$80,000 per year in energy savings



Integrated Design



Why isn't everybody doing it?

Players

Buildings Involved:

Architects

Corporations

Manufacturers

Developers

Designers

Planners

Investors

Utilities

Construction Management

Realtors

Lenders

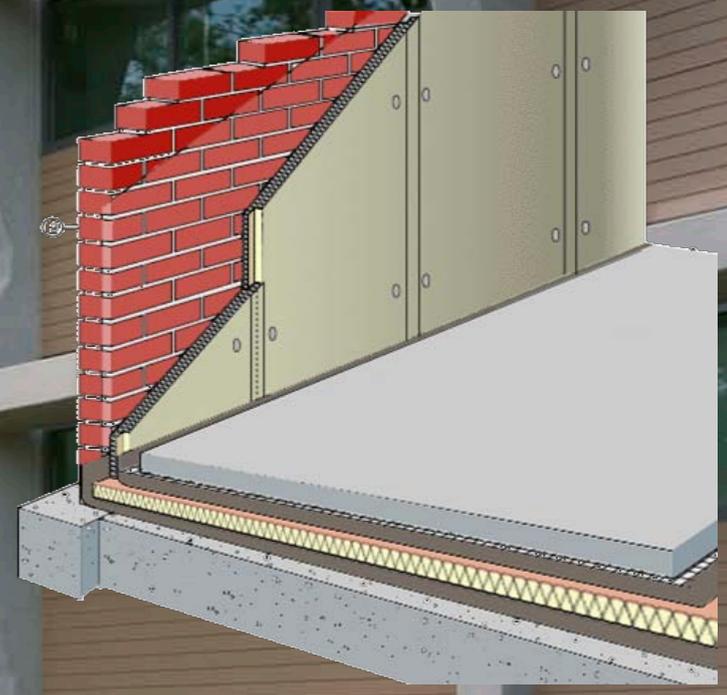
Public Agencies

Government Policy

Tenants

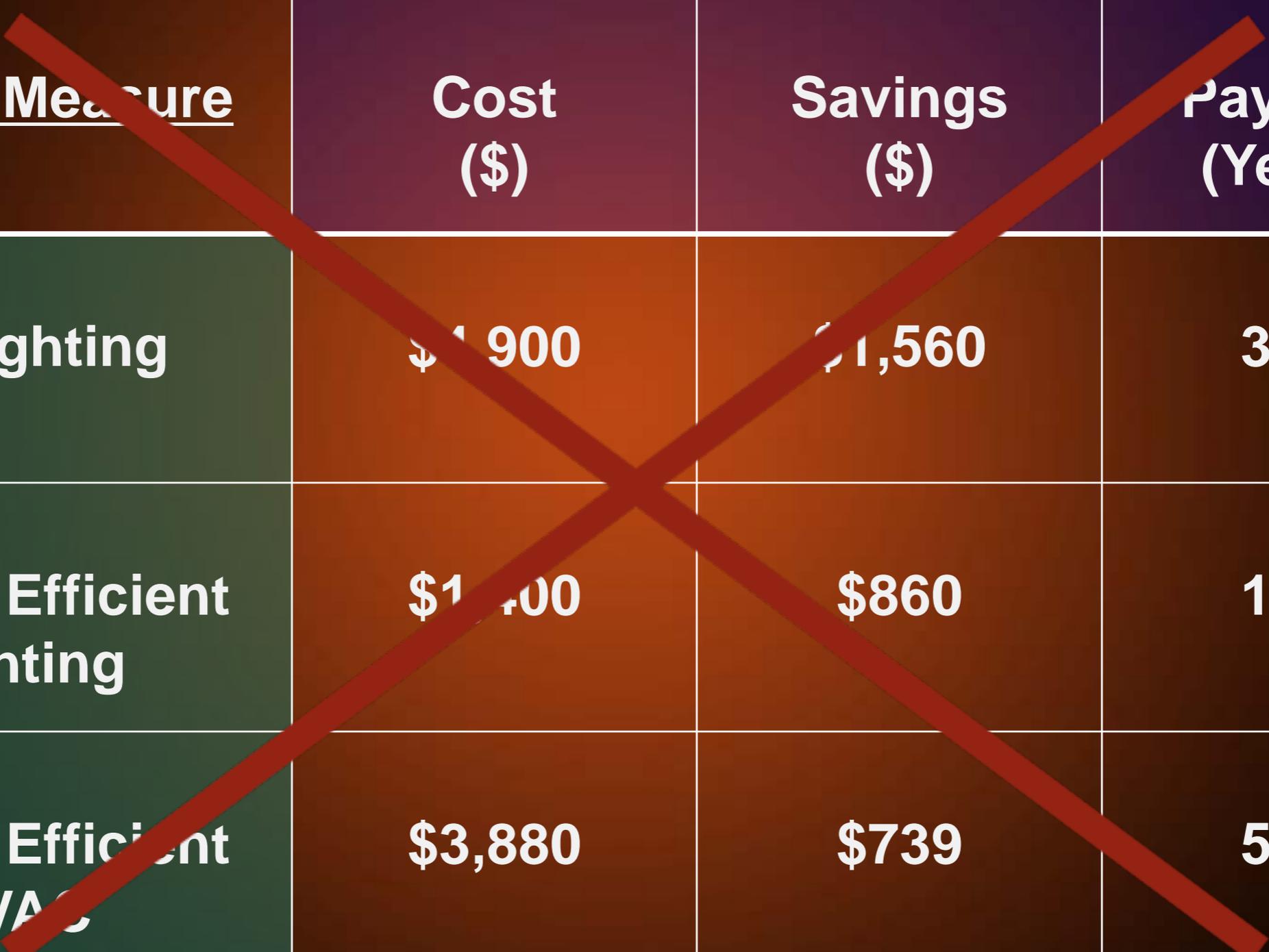


Zero net increase in capital costs
\$80,000 per year in energy savings



Typical Incremental Cost Analysis

<u>Energy Measure</u>	Cost (\$)	Savings (\$)	Payback (Years)
Daylighting	\$1,900	\$1,560	3.14
Energy Efficient Lighting	\$1,400	\$860	1.63
Energy Efficient HVAC	\$3,880	\$739	5.25





Build on the Ideas of Others • Stay Focused on Topic • One Goal

CARGO - How might we enable services to be supported out of the workshop on wheels?

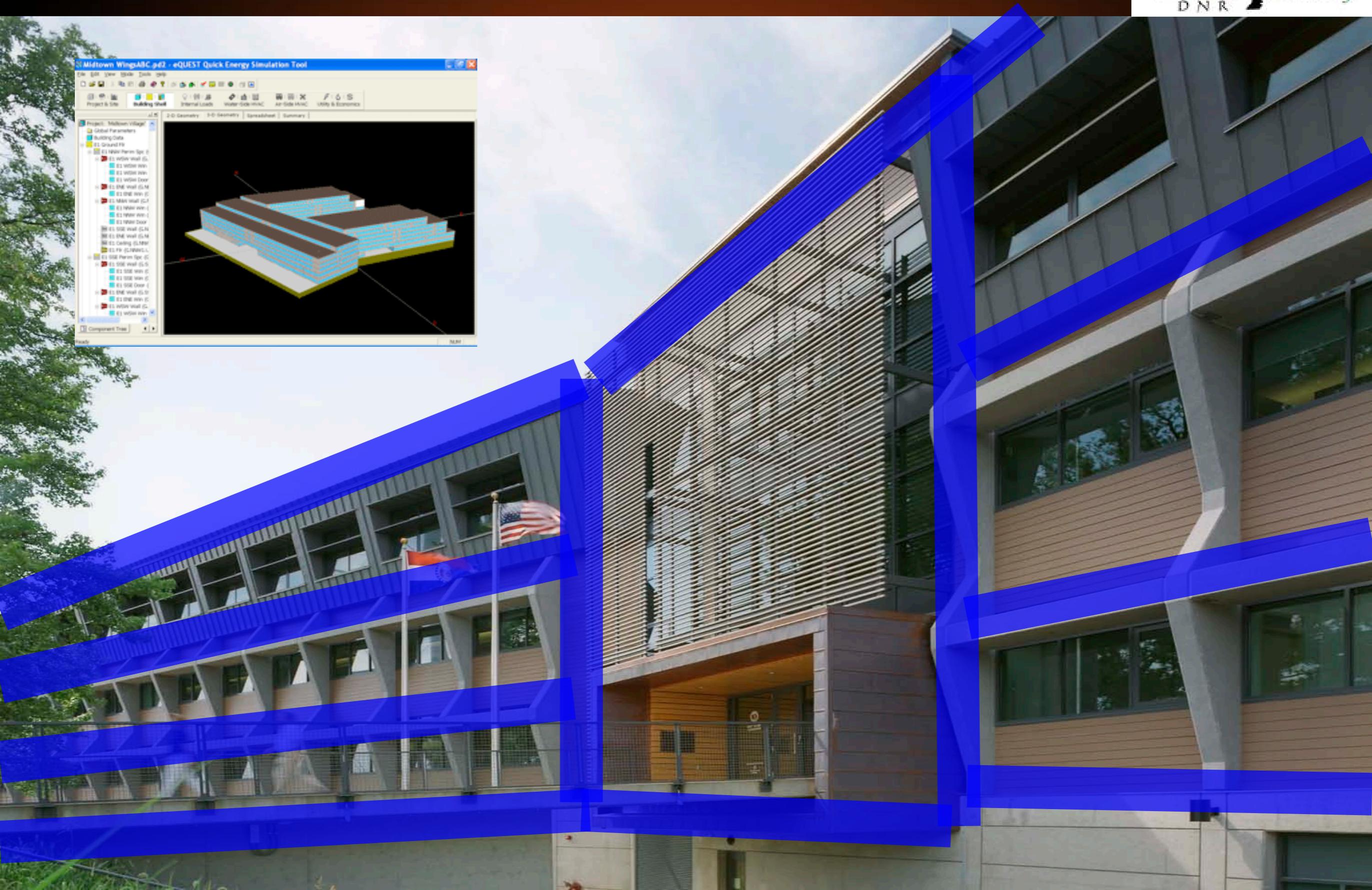
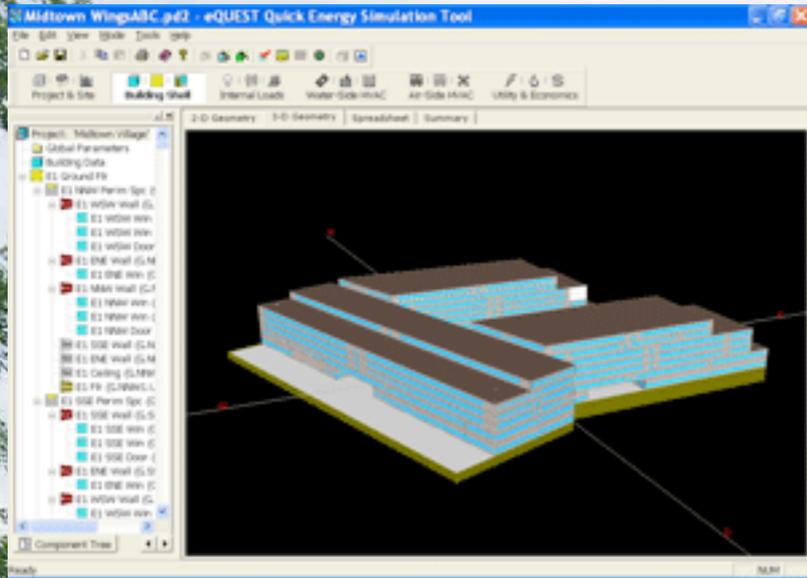
Streamline storage of bulky daily use items (such as bedding)

Support storage but not walking inside

What level of access do we need to provide?



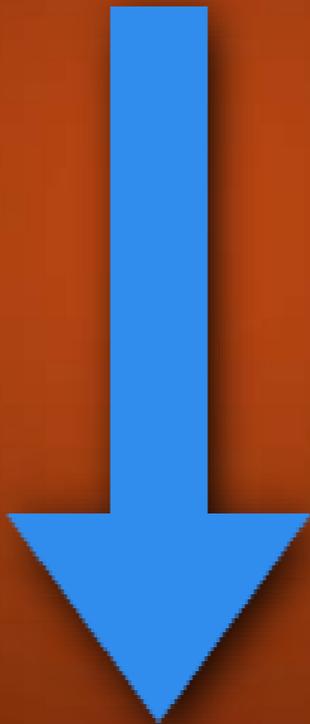
Energy Modeling



Added Costs
\$26,200

Cost Reductions
\$21,860

Incremental Cost
\$4,340



Simple Payback
1 Year

Energy Savings
\$4,500/yr

ROI
100%

Empire State Building



Commercial Building Retrofit Initiative



Commercial Building Retrofit Initiative



KEY BARRIERS & LEVERS

Challenges/Barriers:

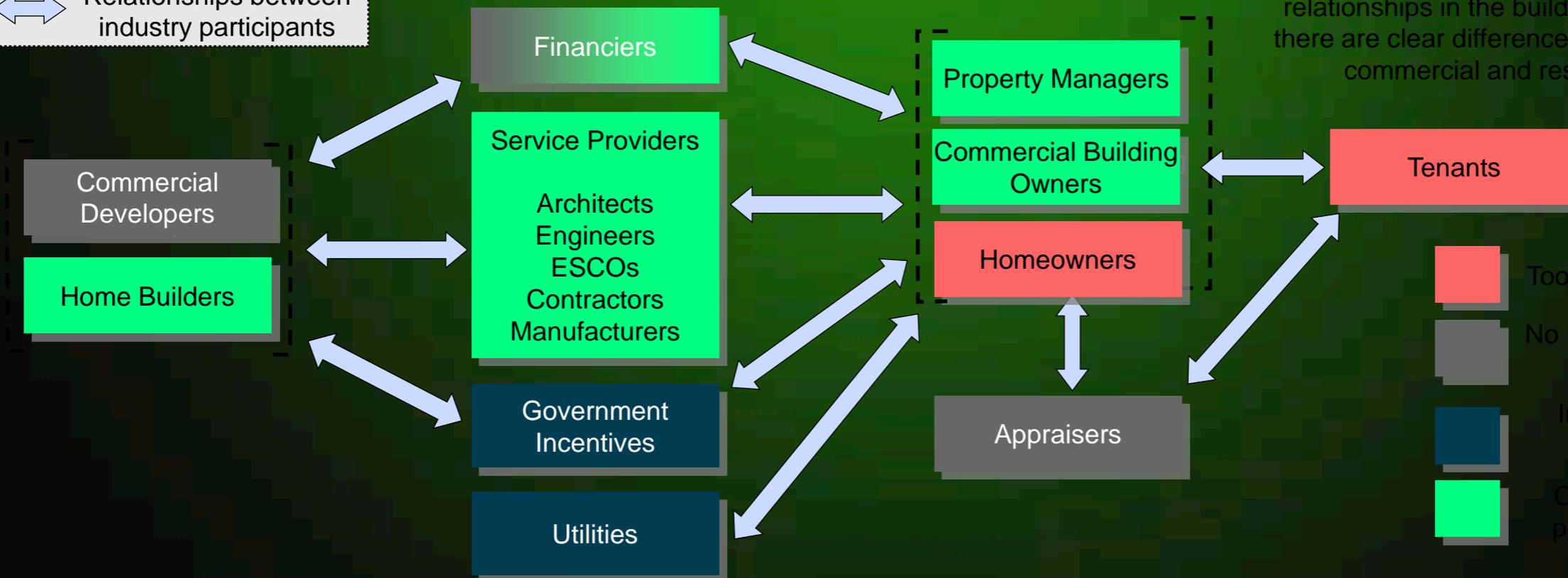
- Access to financing/capital
- Lack of skilled practitioners
- Poor conventional business case
- Increased or perceived increase in first cost
- Insufficient demand

Opportunities:

- Stimulus funding and financial innovations (pacenow.org)
- Climate change awareness
- Increasing energy prices and volatilities
- Growth in Energy Star and LEED buildings/homes
- City, state, and federal requirements for energy efficiency

MATRIX OF INDUSTRY PLAYERS

↔ Relationships between industry participants



NB: This is a high-level overview of roles and relationships in the building sector, acknowledging there are clear differences in value chains between commercial and residential, new and existing

RMI Strategic Initiative Attributes

LARGE



LONG-TERM



**FOCUSED &
OUTCOME-
DRIVEN**





Amplification Approaches

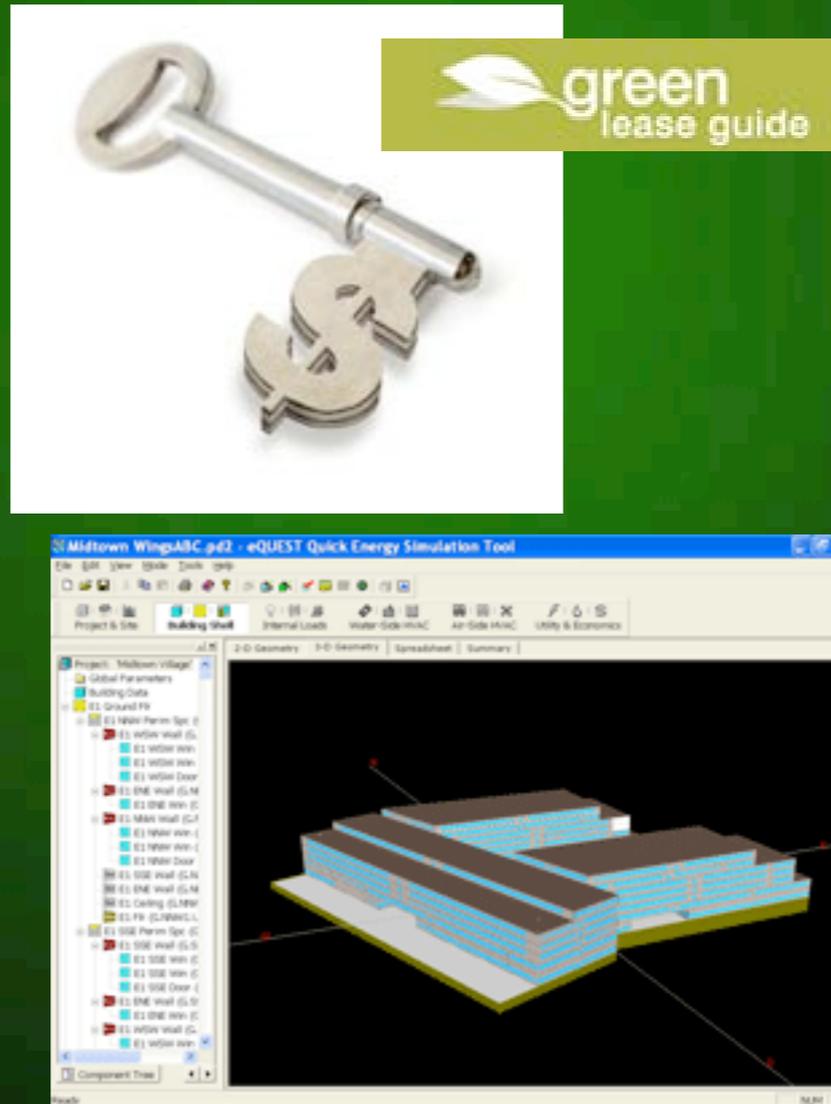
1

Clients with inherent amplification potential



2

Developing industry tools/solutions



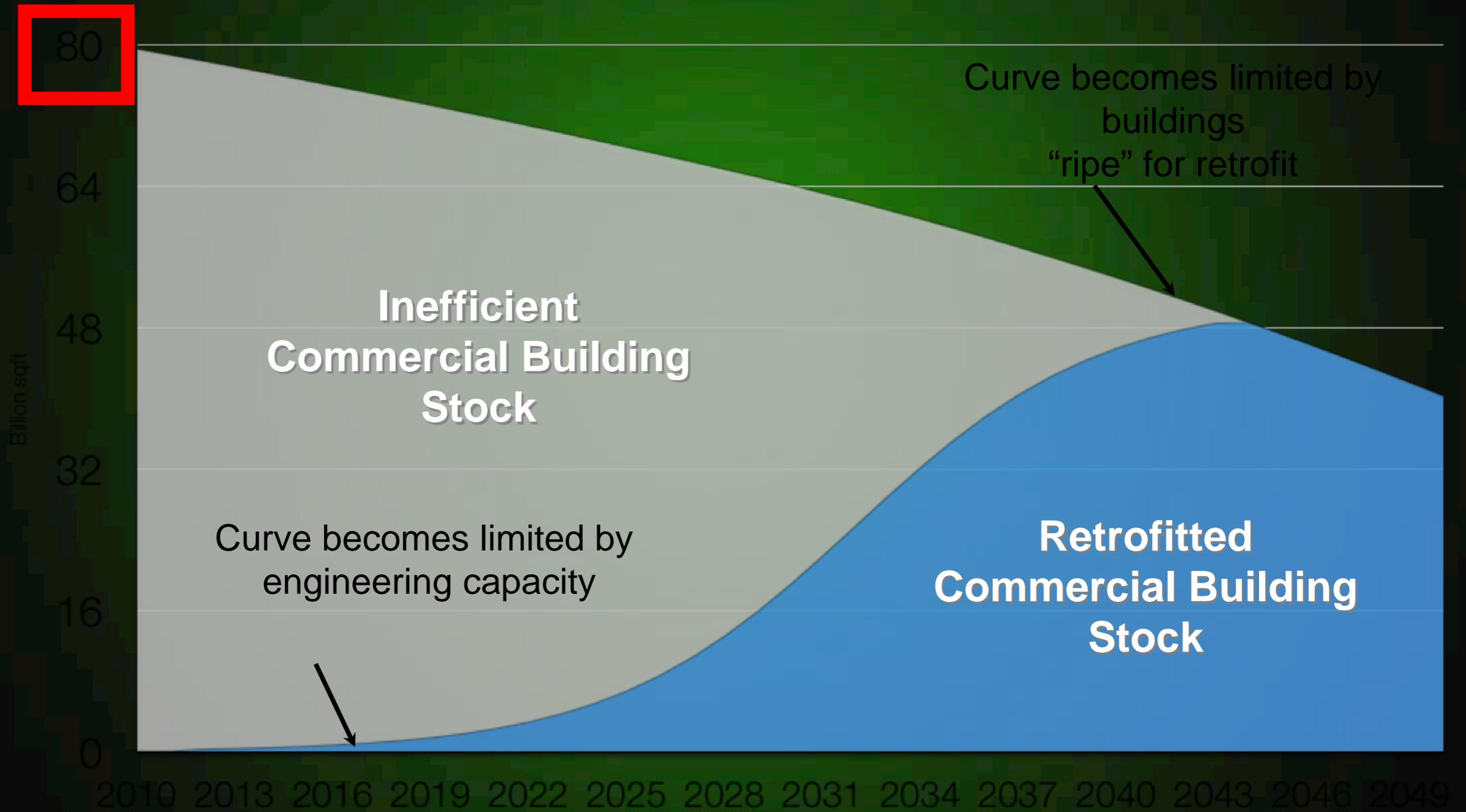
3

Targeted outreach / acupuncture

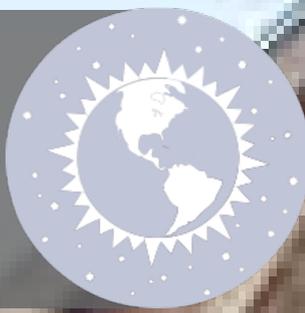


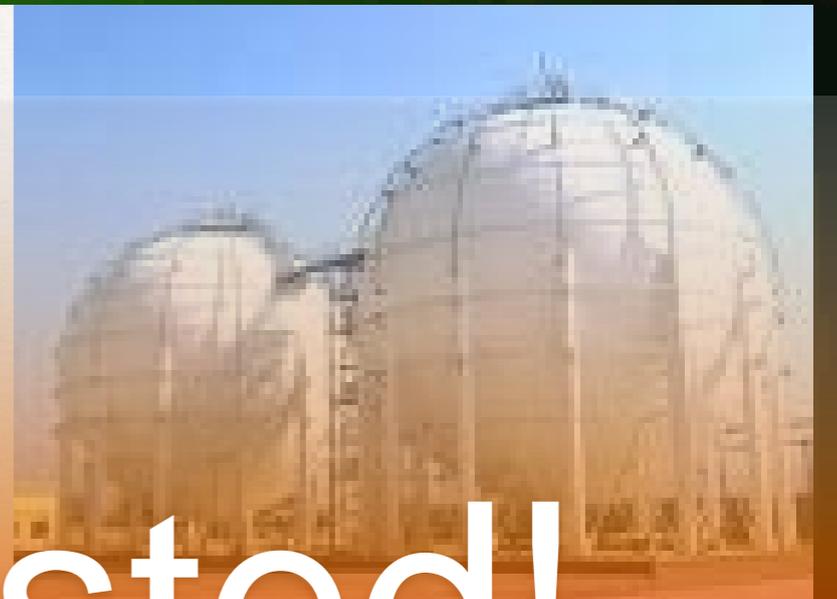


Projected Amplification Trajectory

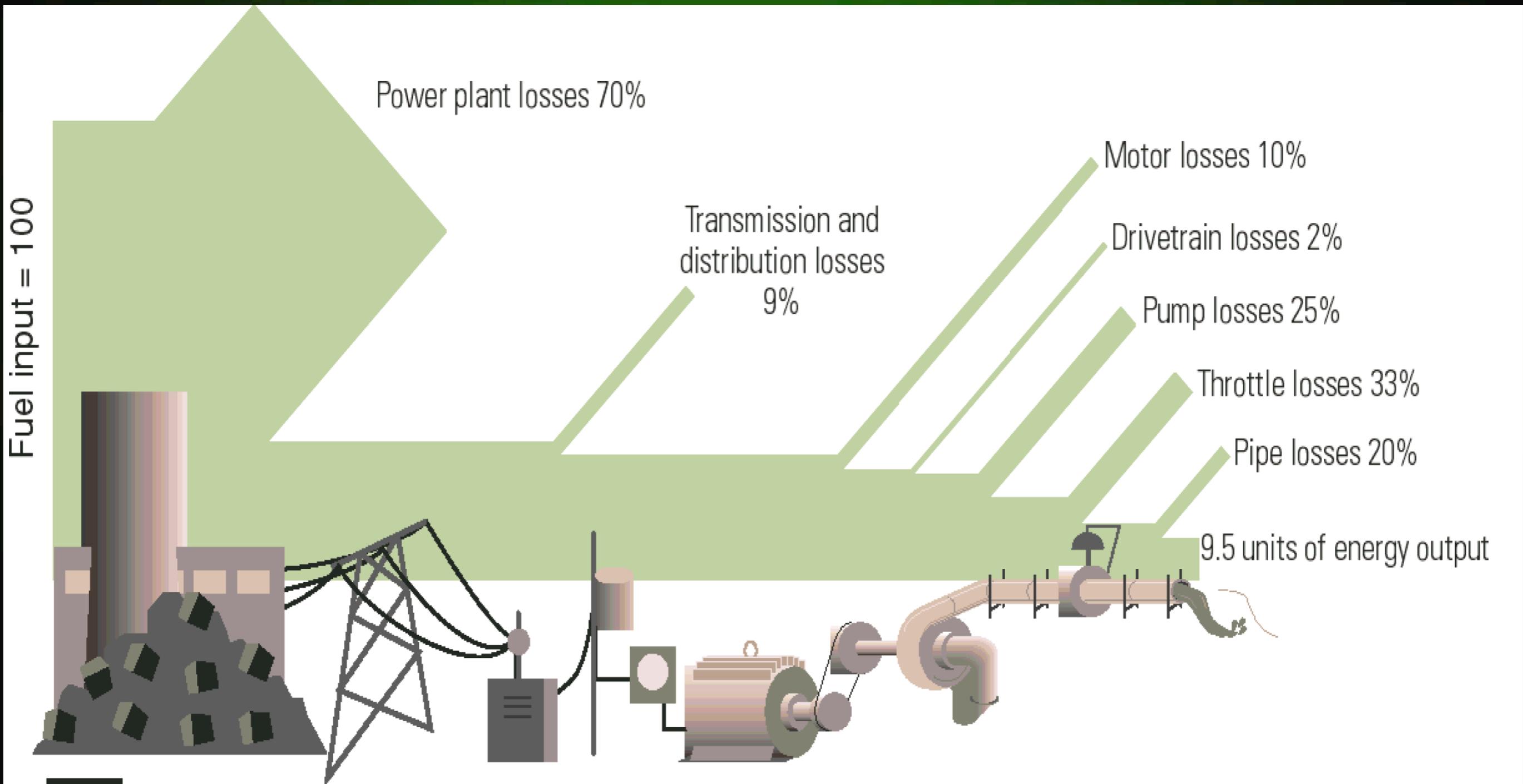


High-Efficiency Production Homes

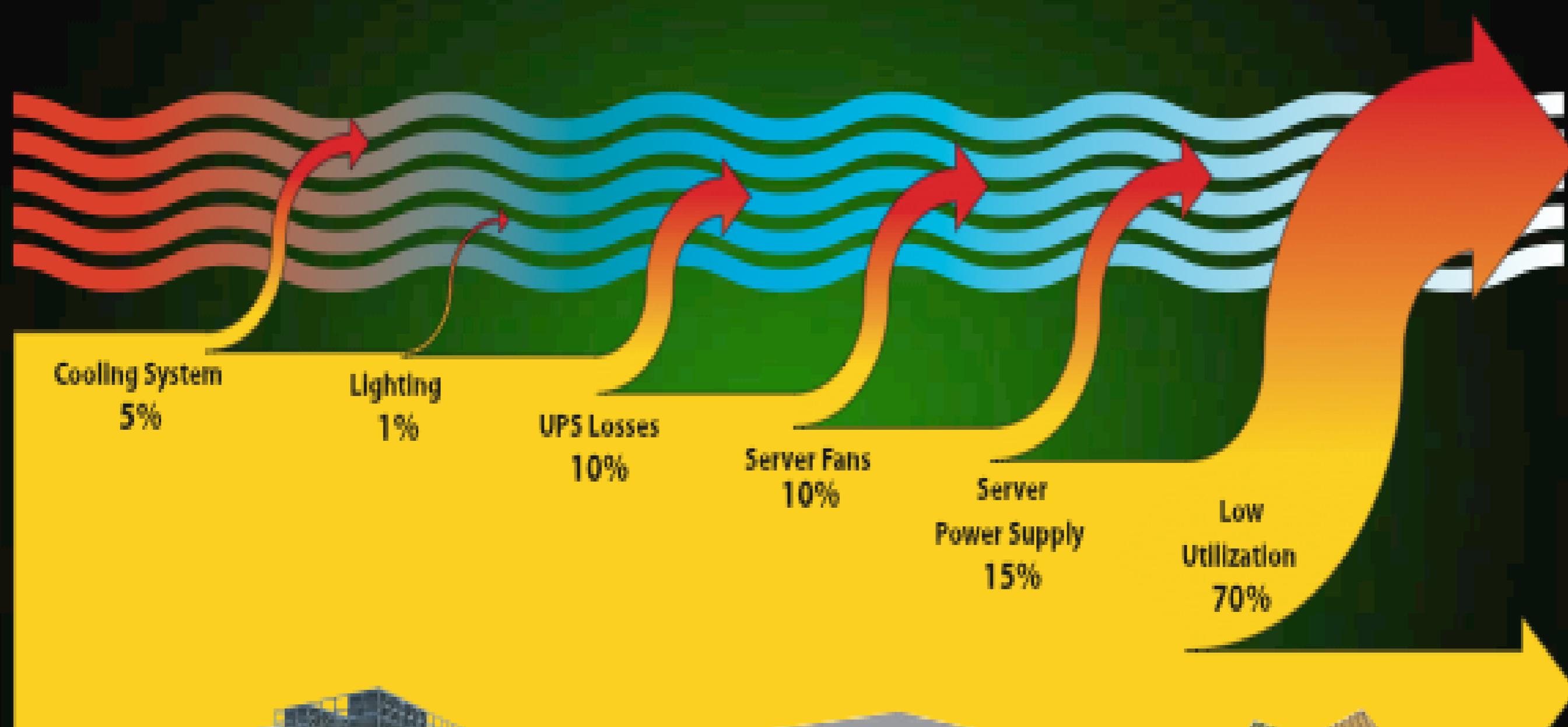




75-90% Wasted!



From the *Drivepower Technology Atlas*.
 Courtesy of E SOURCE www.esource.com



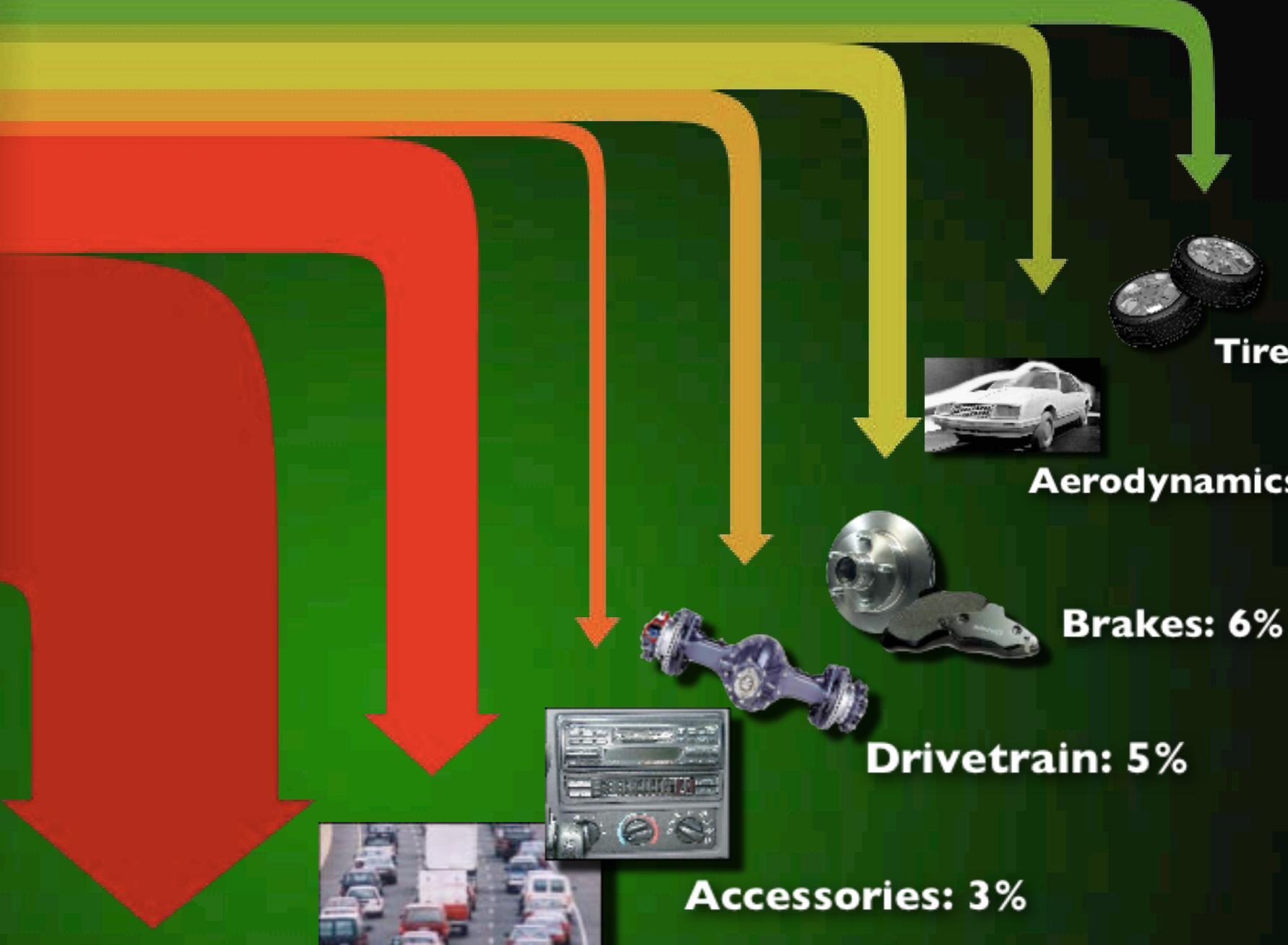
Power Used by
Data Center
100 W

Power Used
by Servers
85 W

Power Used
by IT loads
61 W

Useful
Computing
18 W

Fuel: 100%



Tires: 4%



Aerodynamics: 3%



Brakes: 6%



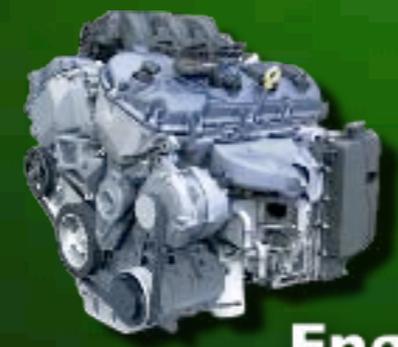
Drivetrain: 5%



Accessories: 3%



Idling: 19%



Engine: 60%

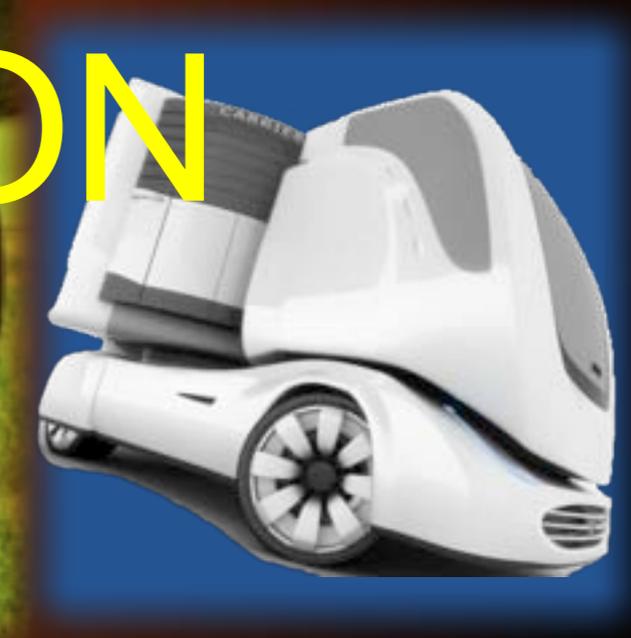
6% Moves The Car

> 0.5% Moves The Driver





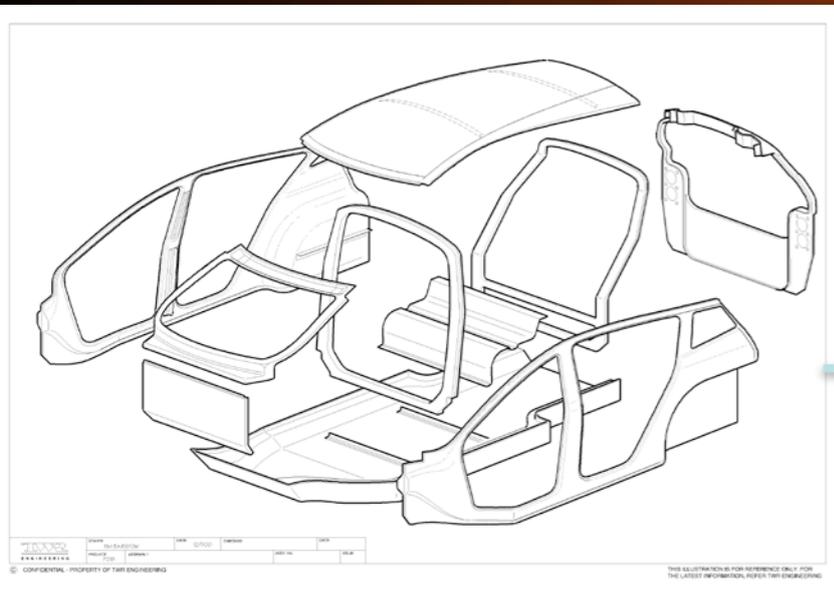
TRANSPORTATION



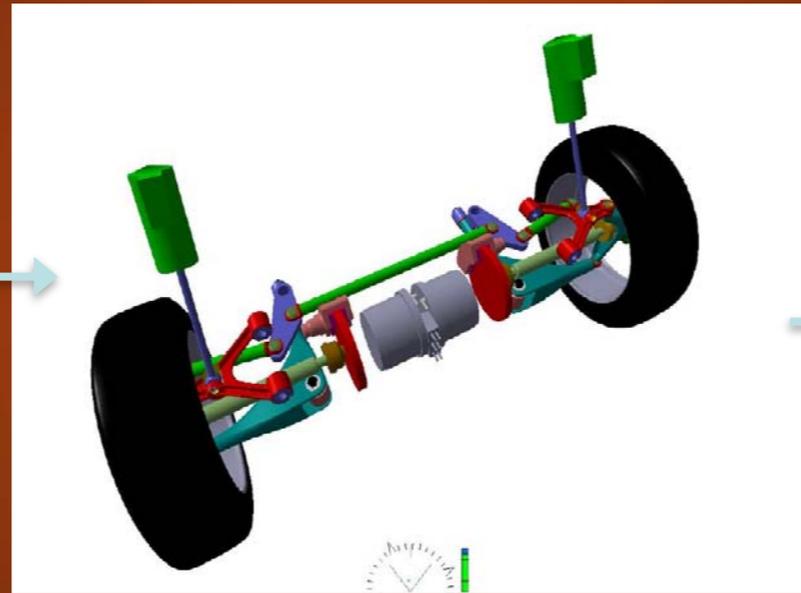
Combining lightweight design with electrification



1. Start with an advanced, lightweight structure



2. Lightweight structure enables lighter, simple modules (suspension, interior, etc.)



3. The efficient platform enables downsized, radically cheaper, and simpler PHEV drive



4. Resulting vehicle has breakthrough affordability and capability

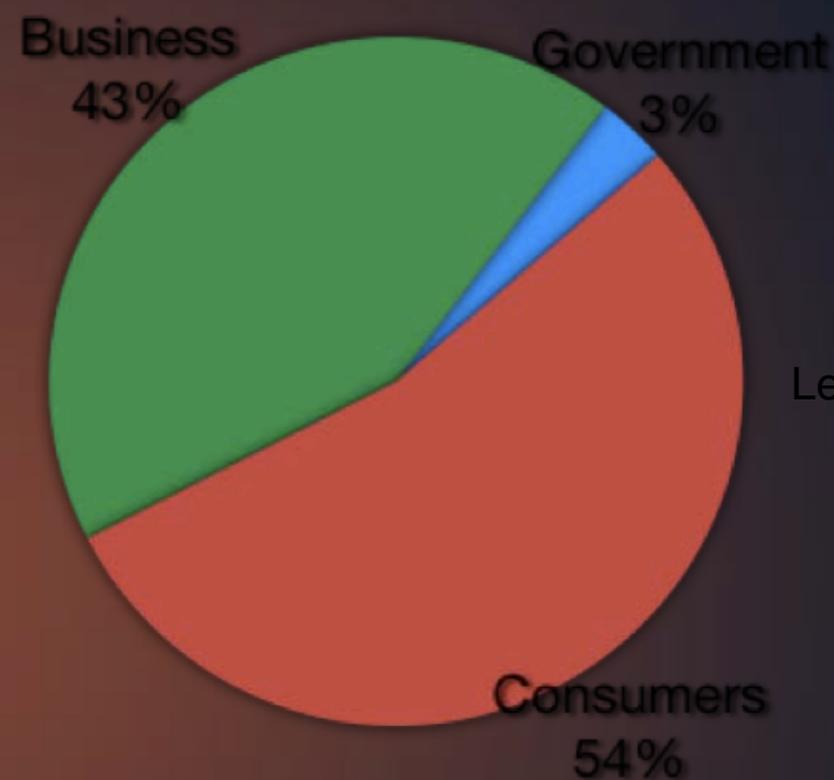


Freight Without Borders Initiative





Fleet Efficiency Initiative





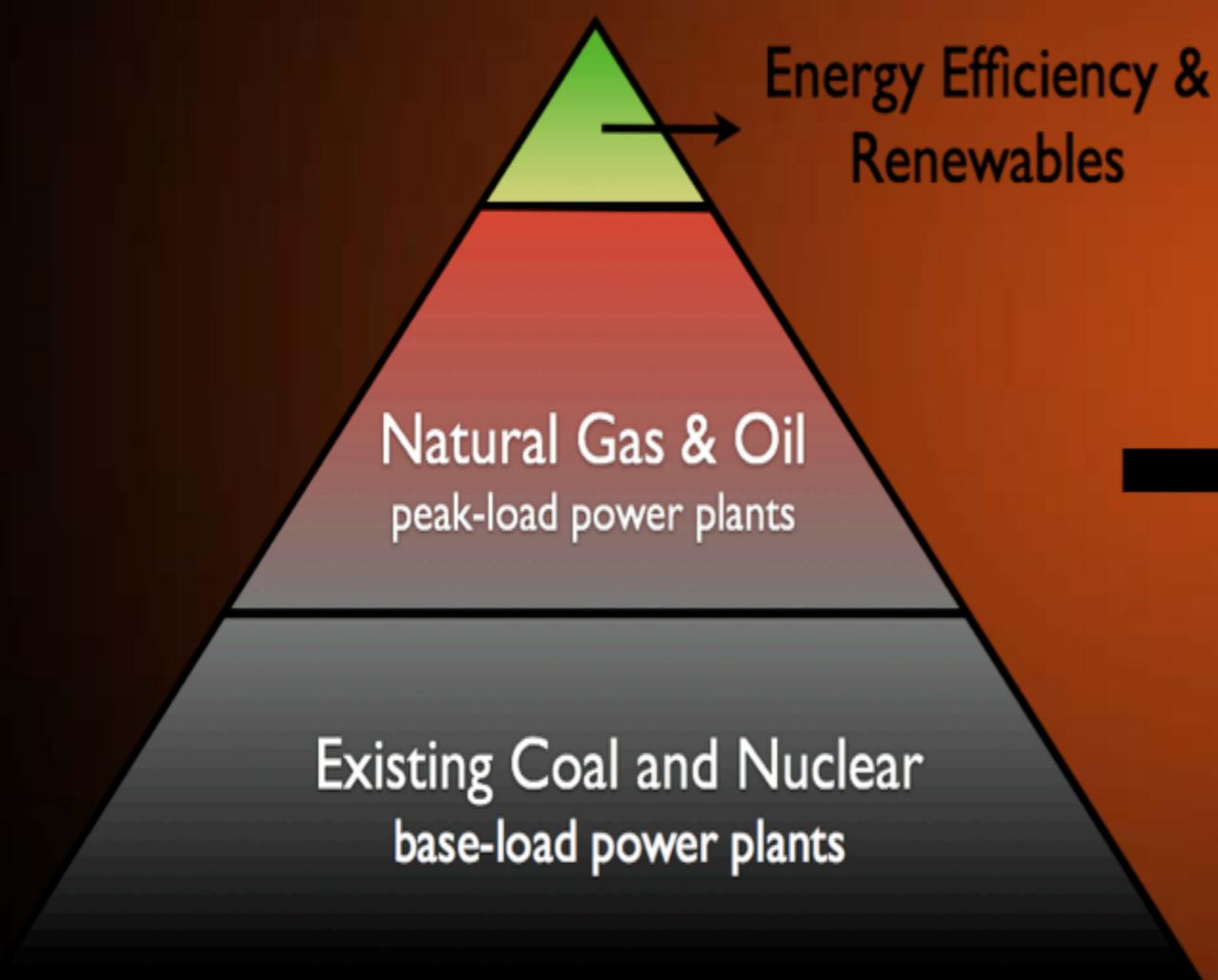
ELECTRICITY



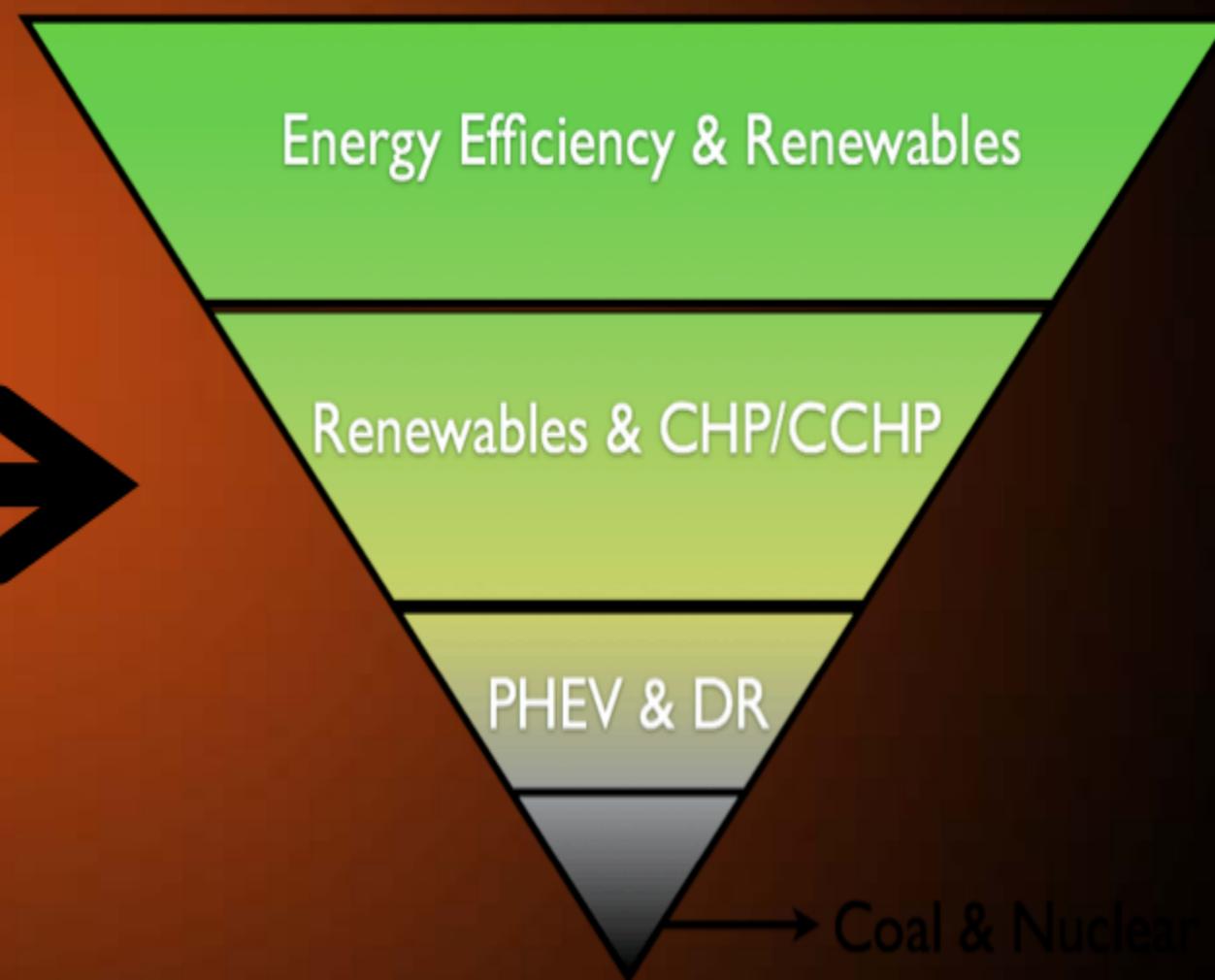
The Next Generation Utility

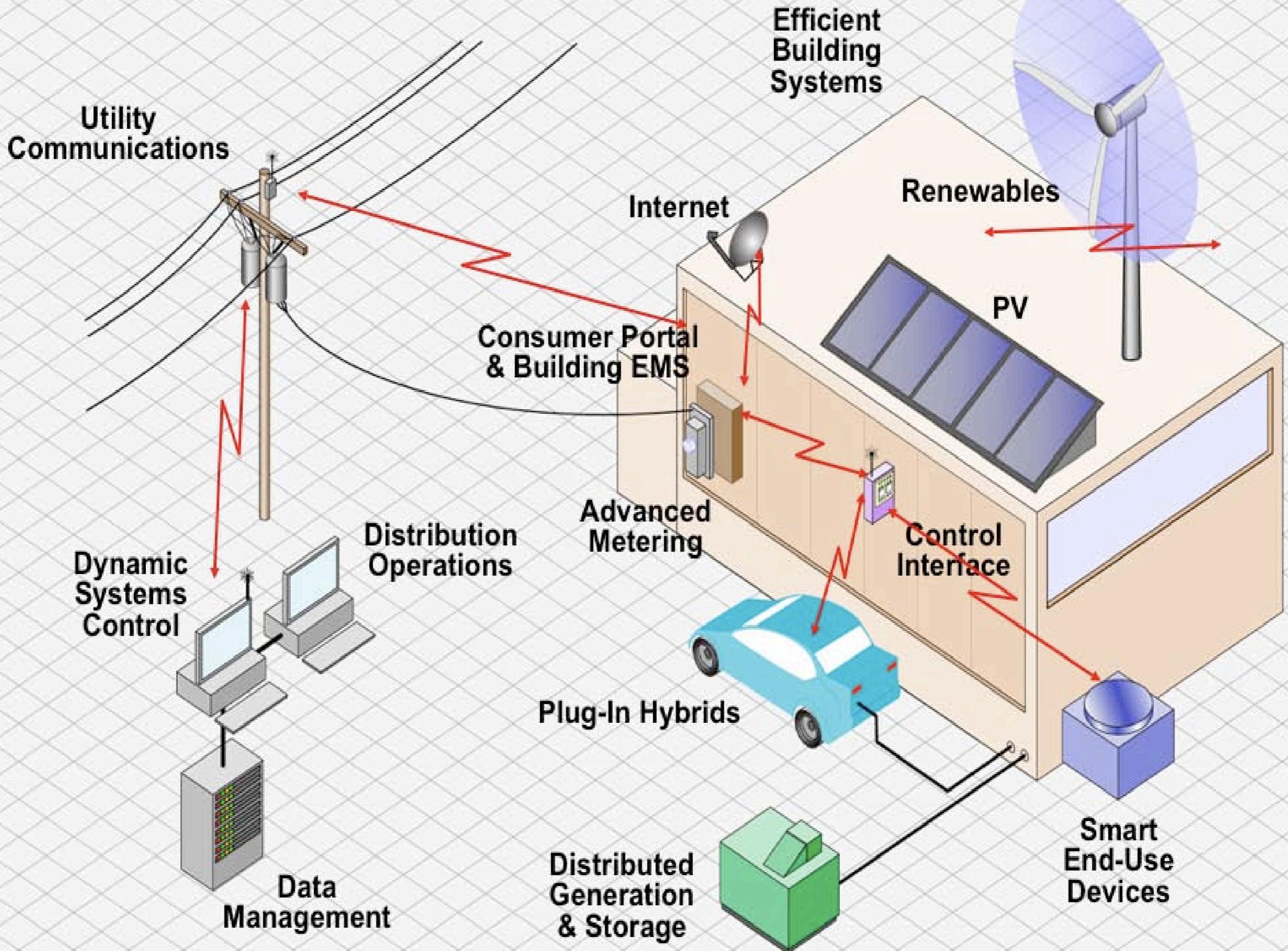


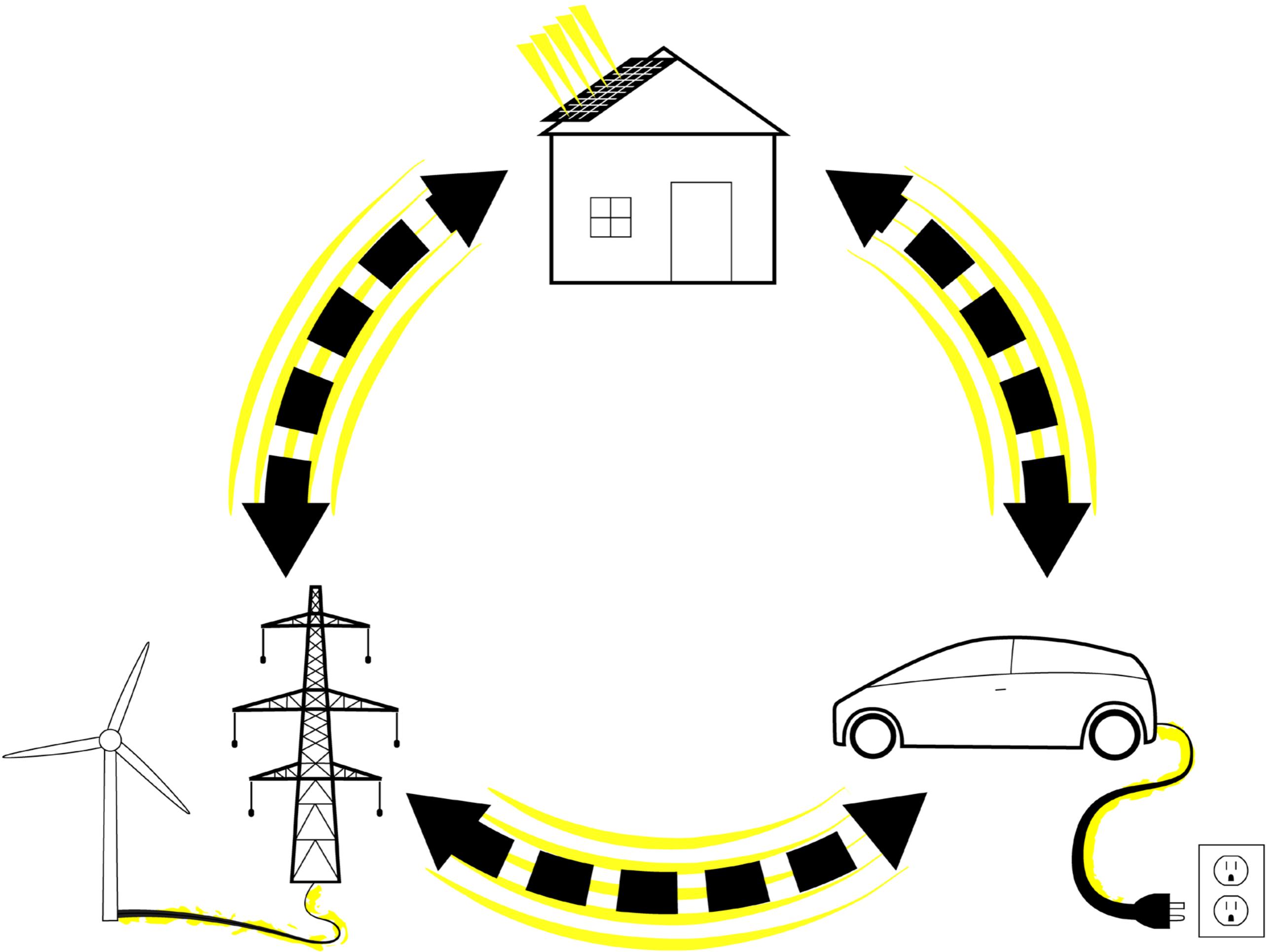
Current utility structure



Next Generation Utility









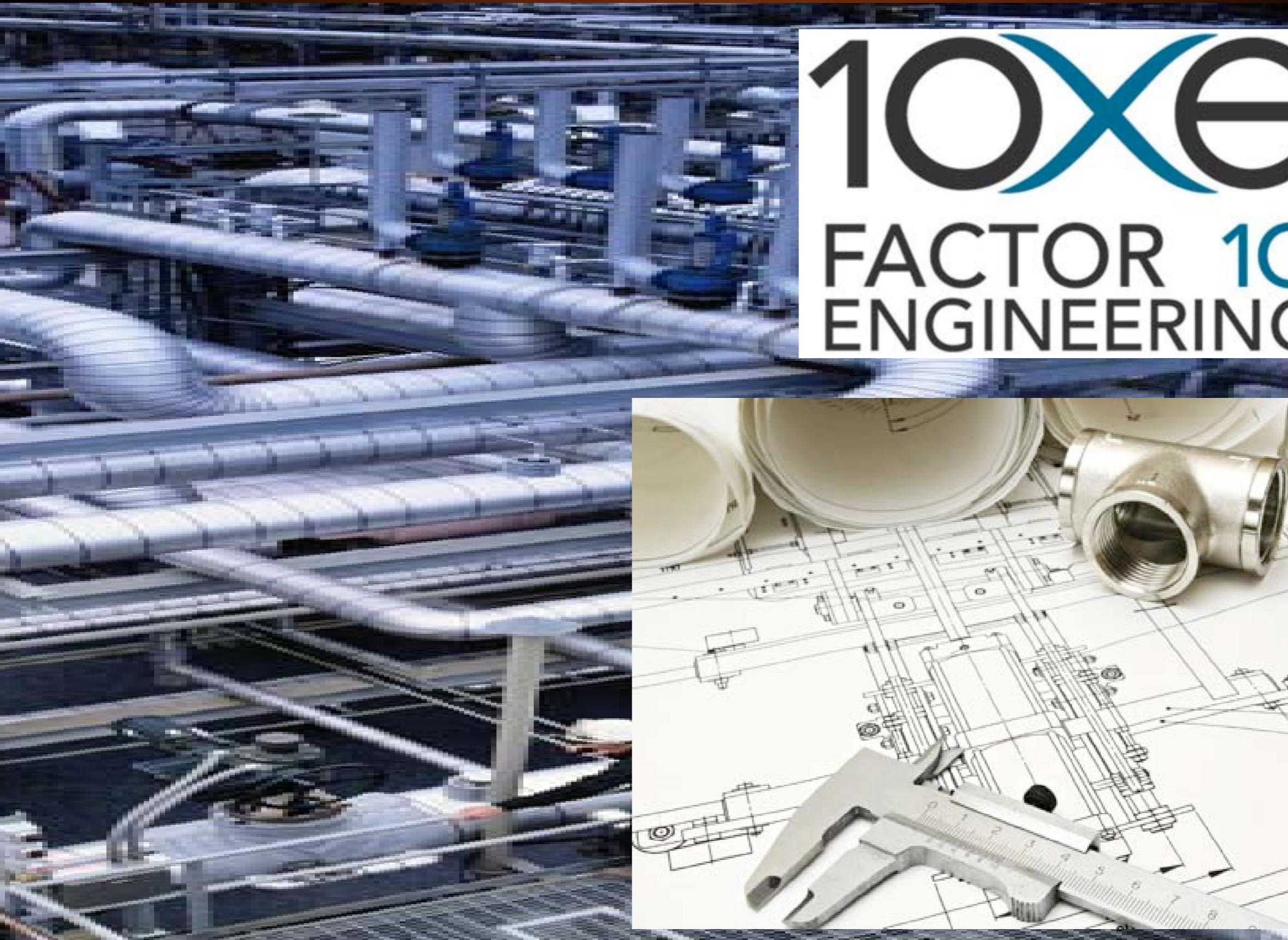
INDUSTRY



Solar Value Chain



Factor 10 Engineering



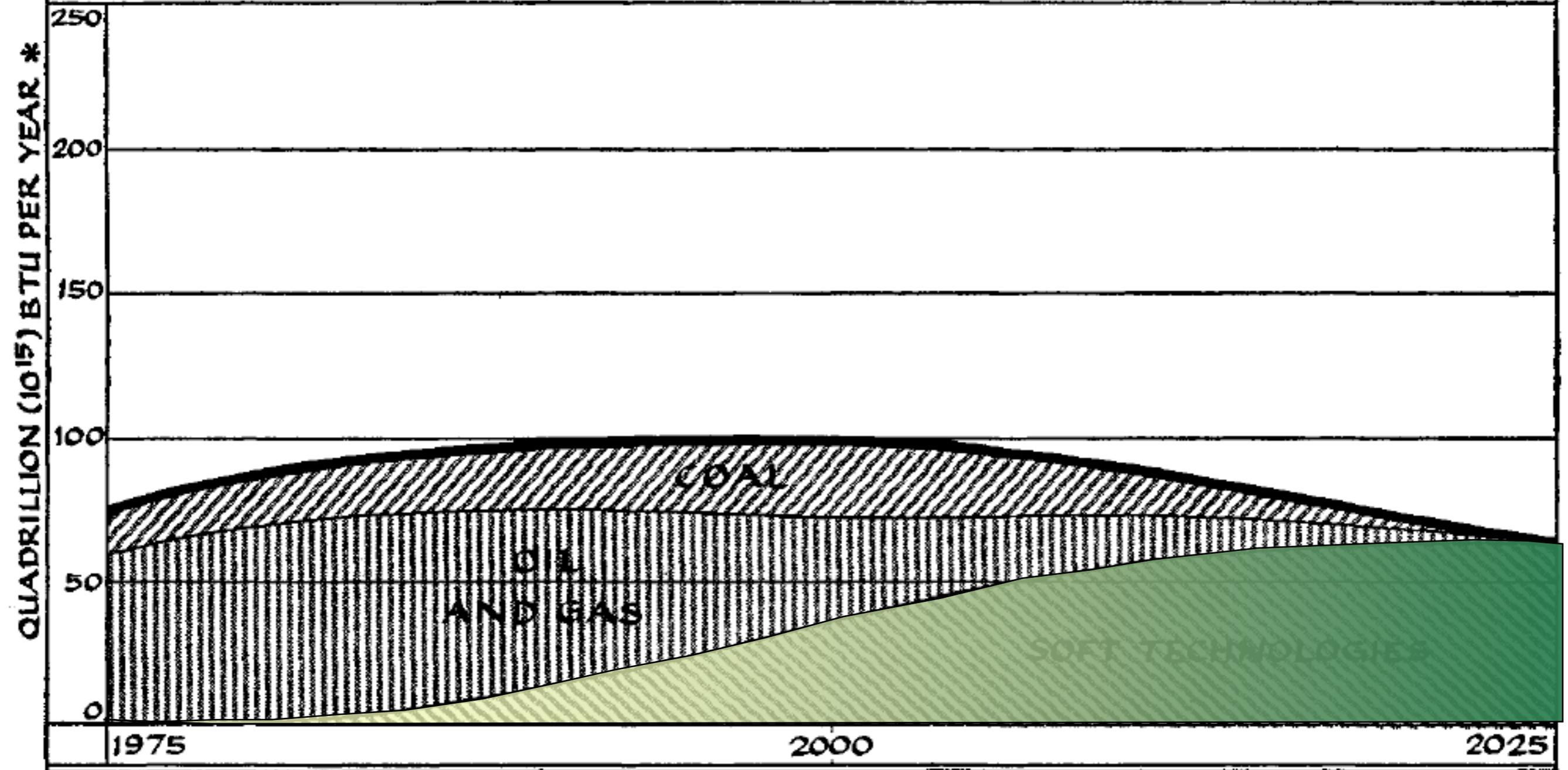
The RF Synthesis Project

REINVENTING
FIRE



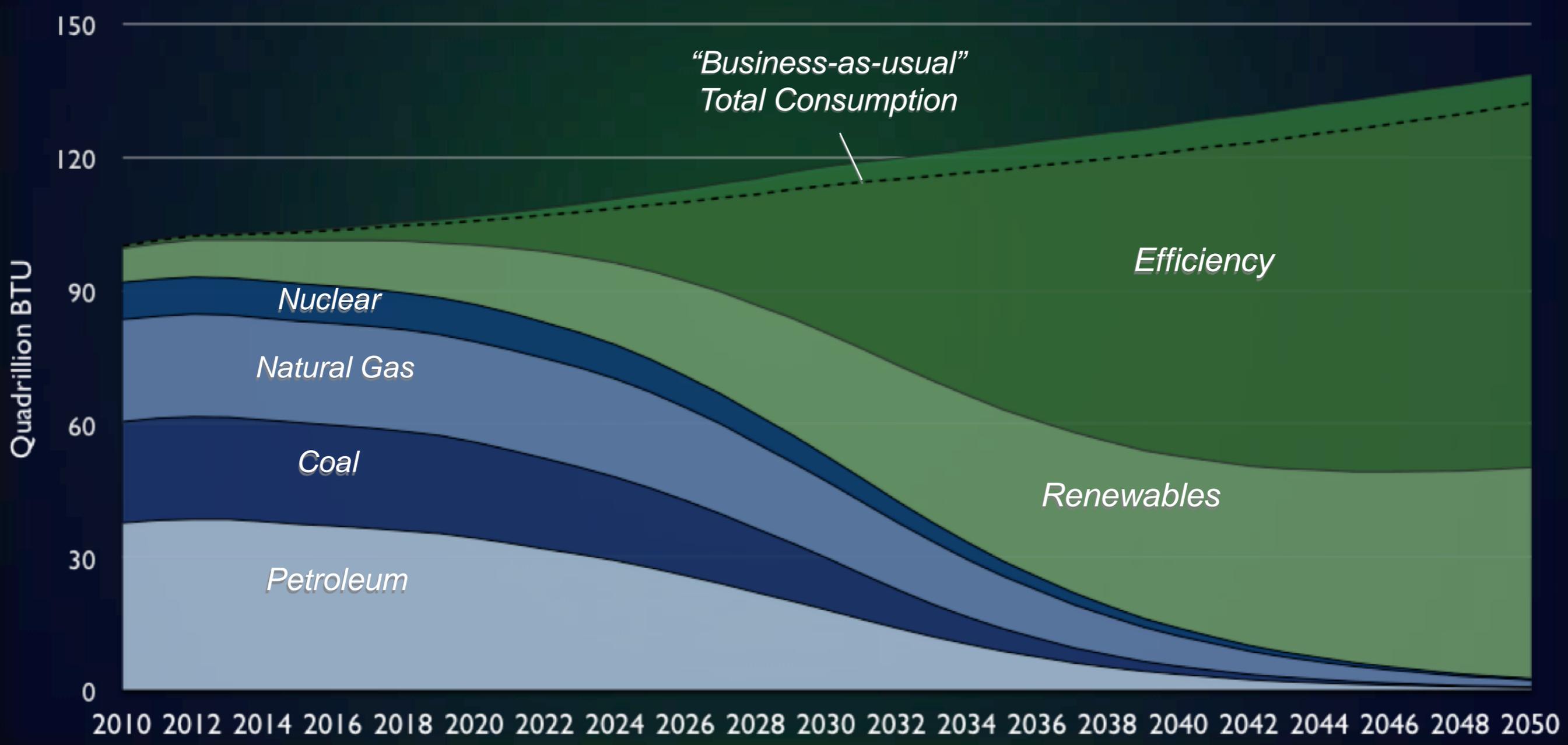
2010: RMI
*initiates a bold
plan to speed
our shift from
coal and oil to
efficiency and
renewables.*

An Alternate Illustrative Future for U.S. Gross Primary Energy Use



* OR QUINTILLION (10¹⁸) JOULES PER YEAR

U.S. Energy Consumption



REINVENTING FIRE



Thank You!